Intramolecular formal [4+2] cycloaddition of 3-ethoxycyclobutanones and alkenes

メタデータ	言語: eng
	出版者:
	公開日: 2017-10-04
	キーワード (Ja):
	キーワード (En):
	作成者:
	メールアドレス:
	所属:
URL	http://hdl.handle.net/2297/21295

Intramolecular formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition of 3-ethoxycyclobutanones and alkenes[†]‡

55

Jun-ichi Matsuo,* Shun Sasaki, Takaya Hoshikawa and Hiroyuki Ishibashi

Received (in XXX, XXX) Xth XXXXXXXX 200X, Accepted Xth XXXXXXXX 200X 5 First published on the web Xth XXXXXXXX 200X DOI: 10.1039/b000000x

Intramolecular formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition between 3ethoxycyclobutanones and a carbon-carbon double bond to the corresponding bicyclo[4.n.0]alkan-2-one derivatives proceeded ¹⁰ effectively by using ethylaluminum dichloride.

Intramolecular cycloaddition is a powerful tool for efficient and stereoselective construction of complex molecules.¹ Especially, [4 + 2] cycloaddition reactions such as intramolecular Diels-Alder (IMDA) reaction have been ¹⁵ successfully employed for the synthesis of biologically active

compounds and natural products under the condition of a well-designed combination between diene and dienophile.² The utility of intramolecular [4 + 2] cycloaddition is expected to be enhanced by discovering a more potent and readily ²⁰ available C4 unit.

We have recently reported that intermolecular [4 + 2] cycloaddition between 3-alkoxycyclobutanone and aldehyde or ketone proceeds to afford tetrahydro- or dihydro- γ -pyrone derivatives by catalysis with boron trifluoride etherate.³ In

- ²⁵ the course of our study on this cycloaddition, we examined a reaction between 2,2-diallyl-3-ethoxycyclobutanone (**1a**) and benzaldehyde (Scheme 1). It was found that catalysis with boron trifluoride etherate gave expected adducts **2** and **3** in 67% and 13% yields, respectively, whereas the employment
- ³⁰ of ethylaluminum dichloride gave intramolecular cycloadduct 4a as the major product (66% yield). The finding of unprecedented intramolecular cycloaddition of an allyl group into the C2-C3 bond of a cyclobutanone ring⁴⁻⁶ as well as the observed interesting chemoselectivity prompted us to
- ³⁵ investigate this intramolecular cycloaddition further. We report herein formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition between a cyclobutanone skeleton and carbon-carbon double bond of the alkenyl group at the 2-position of 3-ethoxycyclobutanones.



40 Scheme 1 Lewis acid (LA)-controlled chemoselectivity: intermolecular formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition between 1a and benzaldehyde to 2 and 3 and intramolecular formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition of 1a to 4a





entry	1 (R)	cis trans ^b	product (%yield ^c)	cis/trans ^b
1	1a (allyl)	_	4a (92)	84:16
2^d	1a (allyl)	_	4a (89), 5 (3)	27:73
3	1b (H)	30:70	4b (0), 6 (41)	_
4	1c (Me)	56:44	4c (72)	89:11
5	1d (Bn)	34:66	4d (81)	85:15
6	1e (<i>i</i> -Pr)	28:72	4e (88)	82:18
7	1f (Ph)	100:0	4f (0), 7 (70)	_
8	1f (Ph)	0:100	4f (0), 7 (74)	

^{*a*} EtAlCl₂ (1.2 equiv) was employed. ^{*b*} The ratios were determined by ¹H NMR analysis. For determination of relative stereochemistry, see ⁵⁰ supporting information. ^{*c*} Isolated yield unless otherwise noted. ^{*d*}

Conditions: Tin(IV) chloride (1.2 equiv), allyltriisopropylsilane (1.5 equiv), -45 to 0 °C, 80 min. Yield of **4a** was determined by ¹H NMR.



Among Lewis acids we tested,⁷ ethylaluminum dichloride most efficiently promoted intramolecular cycloaddition of 1a to give cis- and trans-4a in 92% combined yield (cis/trans = 84:16, Table 1, entry 1).⁸ Neither regioisomeric cycloaddition 60 nor elimination of ethanol from 4a were observed. It is notable that the activation of 1a with tin(IV) chloride in the presence of allyltriisopropylsilane inverted the ratio of cisand trans-4a (cis/trans = 27:73), and intermolecular cycloadduct 5^9 was obtained in 3% yield (entry 2). 65 Cycloaddition 2-alkyl-2-allyl-3of several ethoxycyclobutanones 1b-e was next performed in order to investigate stereospecificity as well as generality of the intramolecular reaction (entries 3-6). Treatment of a mixture of diastereomers (cis/trans = 30:70) of 2-allyl-3-70 ethoxycyclobutanone 1b with ethylaluminum dichloride did not give a cycloadduct 4b, but a self-cycloadduct 6 was obtained in 41% yield (entry 3).³ 2-Allylcyclobutanones 1c-e gave the desired products 4c-e in 72-88% yields, and the



Table 2 EtAlCl₂-catalyzed intramolecular formal [4 + 2] cycloaddition of various 2-alkenyl-3-ethoxycyclobutanones 8^{a}

^{*a*} Conditions: see Table 1. ^{*b*} Combined yield of diastereomers. ^{*c*} A mixture of diastereomers (53:47). ^{*d*} A mixture of four diastereomers was s treated at –45 to 0 °C.

reactions were found to proceed nonstereospecifically since cis/trans ratios of 1c-e did not correspond to the efficiency of the cycloaddition nor *cis/trans* ratios of 4c-e. Also. 10 cyclobutanones bearing a bulky alkyl group tended to give the cycloadducts more efficiently (entries 4-6). On the other hand, both isolated diastereomers of 2-allyl-3-ethoxy-2phenylcyclobutanones 1f gave no [4 + 2] cycloadduct 4f but afforded 1-allyl-2-naphthol 7 (entries 7 and 8). These results 15 suggest that cyclization of the phenyl group¹⁰ followed by aromatization to the 2-naphthol derivative 7 took place selectively rather than insertion of the allyl group.

Preparation of bicyclic or tricyclic compounds other than bicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-ones **4** was next investigated (Table 2).

- ²⁰ Cyclobutanones 8a,b having a 3-butenyl or 4-pentenyl group at the 2-position gave the corresponding cycloadducts 9a and 9b in 18% and 86% yields, respectively, as a single diastereomer (entries 1 and 2). Cyclobutanone 8c bearing a 5hexenyl group did not give a cycloadduct 9c (entry 3),
- ²⁵ whereas the reaction of 2-(*o*-allylbenzyl)cyclobutanone **8d** gave two products, **9d** and its 4-epimer **9d'** (**9d** : **9d'** = 65:35) in 67% combined yield (entry 4). Restricted conformation of the *o*-allylbenzyl group might help the successful cycloaddition of **8d**. Intramolecular cycloaddition of
- ³⁰ spirocyclobutanones **8e,f** proceeded smoothly to afford the corresponding tricyclic compounds **9e,f** in good yields (entries 5 and 6), and stereochemical convergence was observed. That is, treatment of a mixture of four diastereomers of **8f** with

ethylaluminum dichloride gave **9f** as a single diastereomer.¹¹

A plausible mechanism for the present intramolecular cycloaddition is shown in Scheme 2. A zwitterionic intermediate **11** is regioselectively formed by EtAlCl₂-catalyzed ring cleavage of cyclobutanone **10**,³ and [4 + 2] cycloaddition of a terminal alkenyl group proceeds to give an 40 adduct **12**.



Scheme 2. Plausible mechanism for $EtAlCl_2$ -catalyzed [4 + 2] cycloaddition of 2-alkenyl-3-ethoxycyclobutanones **10** to 4-45 ethoxybicyclo[4.*n*.0]alkan-2-ones **12**.

In summary, we have developed ethylaluminum dichloridepromoted intramolecular insertion of a carbon-carbon double bond into 3-ethoxycyclobutanones. This intramolecular [4 + cycloaddition shows high regioselectivity 50 2] and stereoselectivity. Studies on the nature of zwitterionic intermediates 3generated by activation of ethoxycyclobutanones and the reaction mechanism for the present intramolecular cycloaddition is currently underway.

The authors thank Prof. Shuhei Fujinami (Kanazawa University) for X-ray crystallographic analysis. This study was supported by a SUMBOR grant and a Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science, and Technology, Japan.

Notes and references

School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Institute of Medical, Pharmaceutical and Health Sciences, Kanazawa University, Kakuma-machi, Kanazawa 920-1192, Japan. Fax: +81-76-234-4439; Tel: +81-76-234-4439; E-

65 mail: jimatsuo@p.kanazawa-u.ac.jp

- † Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) available: Experimental details and spectral data. See DOI: 10.1039/b000000x/
- CCDC 735720 for **9d**, CCDC735721 for **9d**', and CCDC 735722 for a derivative of **9f** contain the supplementary crystallographic data. These
- ⁷⁰ data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.
- (a) W. Carruthers, Cycloaddition Reactions in Organic Synthesis, Pergamon, Oxford, 1990; (b) W. Oppolzer, Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 75 Engl., 1977, 16, 10.
- (a) B. R. Bear, S. M. Sparks and K. J. Shea, Angew. Chem., Int. Ed., 2001, 40, 820; (b) W. R. Roush, Adv. Cycloaddit., 1990, 2, 91; (c) D. Craig, Chem. Soc. Rev., 1987, 16, 187; (d) E. Ciganek, Org. React., 1984, 32, 1; (e) G. Brieger and J. N. Bennett, Chem. Rev., 1980, 80, 63.
- 3 J. Matsuo, S. Sasaki, H. Tanaka and H. Ishibashi, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2008, 130, 11600.
- 4 Reviews for synthetic application of cyclobutanones: (*a*) E. Lee-Ruff and G. Mladenova, *Chem. Rev.*, 2003, **103**, 1449; (*b*) J. C. Namyslo
- and D. E. Kaufmann, *Chem. Rev.*, 2003, **103**, 1485; (c) D. Belluš and
 B. Ernst, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.*, **1988**, 27, 797; (d) J. M. Conia and M. J. Robson, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.*, 1975, **14**, 473.
- 5 Thermal or acid treatment of 2-vinyl cyclobutanones caused rearrangements such as 1,2- or 1,3-acyl migration: (*a*) M. Bertrand, G.
 ⁰ Gil and A. Junino, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1977, 1779; (*b*) M. Bertrand, G.

Gil, A. Junino and R. Maurin, J. Chem. Res. (S), 1980, 98; (c) J. R.
Matz and T. Cohen, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1981, 22, 2459; (d) R. Huston,
M. Rey and A. S. Dreiding, *Helv. Chim. Acta*, 1982, 65, 1563; (e) R.
L. Danheiser, S. K. Gee and H. Sard, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1982, 104,

- ⁵ 7670; (f) D. A. Jackson, M. Rey and A. S. Dreiding, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1983, **24**, 4817; (g) D. A. Jackson, M. Rey and A. S. Dreiding, *Helv. Chim. Acta*, 1985, **68**, 439.
- 6 Transition metal-catalyzed intramolecular olefin insertion into the C1-C2 bond of a cyclobutanone ring: (a) M. Murakami, T. Itahashi
- ¹⁰ and Y. Ito, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2002, **124**, 13976; (*b*) M. Murakami and S. Ashida, *Chem. Commun.*, 2006, 4599.
- Conversion of 1a to 4a by using other Lewis acids: SnCl₄ at -45 to 0 °C (80%); TiCl₄ at -78 °C (77%); Me₃SiOTf at -45 to 0 °C (43%); BF₃-OEt₂ at -45 to 0 °C (70%); GaCl₃ at -45 °C (65%).
- ¹⁵ 8 The use of 20 mol% of EtAlCl₂ gave **4a** in 19% yield.
- 9 J. Matsuo, S. Sasaki, T. Hoshikawa and H. Ishibashi, *Org. Lett.*, 2009, **11**, 3822.
- 10 (a) R. Huisgen, L. A. Feiler and P. Otto, Chem. Ber., 1969, 102, 3405; (b) L. A. Feiler and R. Huisgen, Chem. Ber., 1969, 102, 3428;
- 20 (c) V. P. Abegg, A. C. Hopkinson and E. Lee-Ruff, Can. J. Chem., 1978, 56, 99; (d) P. Duperrouzel and E. Lee-Ruff, Can. J. Chem., 1980, 58, 51.
- 11 Preparation of cyclohexa[c]indele skeletones: J. Holtsclaw and M. Koreeda, Org. Lett., 2004, 6, 3719.
- 25

30

Graphical contents entry



35

Intramolecular [4+2] cycloaddition of 3ethoxycyclobutanones and alkenes proceeded regioselectively and stereoselectively by using ethyl aluminumdichloride as a Lewis acid.