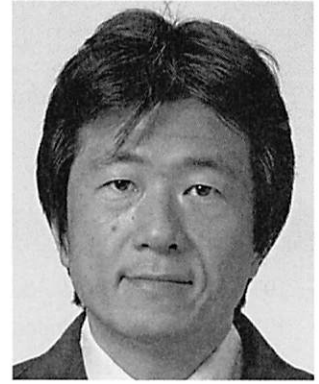


## Functional Analyses of PYNOD (NLRP10) in Mice

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Many members of the nucleotide-binding and oligomerization domain (NOD) and leucine-rich-repeat (LRR)-containing protein (NLR) family play important roles in pathogen recognition and inflammation. We identified PYNOD/NLRP10, one of the member of this family that lacks LRR, and found that human and mouse PYNOD inhibits inflammatory signal mediated by caspase-1 and ASC using HEK293-based reconstitution system and PYNOD-transgenic mice.

To further investigate physiological function of PYNOD, we have established PYNOD-deficient mice. PYNOD-deficient mice exhibited no obvious gross abnormalities and no evidence of autoimmunity and spontaneous tumor formation. Macrophages from PYNOD-deficient mice produced normal level of inflammatory cytokines (IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-6, and TNF $\alpha$ ) after bacterial and viral infection that we tested. In addition, there was no difference in the susceptibility of wild-type and PYNOD-deficient mice to LPS-induced endotoxin shock. Although, physiological role of PYNOD in innate immune system is still unclear, we found that PYNOD-deficient mice exhibit severe defect of delayed-type hyper sensitivity (DTH) response. This result indicates that PYNOD play important roles in acquired immune system.

Interestingly, we have found that PYNOD and caspase-1 is highly expressed in stomach of gastric cancer mouse model (*Gan* mice), in which inflammatory COX-2/PGE<sub>2</sub> pathway and Wnt signaling are activated simultaneously in gastric mucosa. Furthermore, we also detected high PYNOD expression in gastric cancer of human patient. We are currently trying to establish *Gan*-PYNOD-deficient mice to investigate PYNOD function during inflammation and tumorigenesis.

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### EDUCATIONS/TRAINING

- 1989 Kumamoto University School of Medicine, Japan (MD)  
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- 1993-1994 Medical staff, Kumamoto university hospital, Japan  
1994-1998 Postdoctoral fellow, DNAX Research Institute, USA  
1998-present Assistant professor, Division of Immunology and Molecular Biology, Cancer Research Institute,  
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