## Study of off-pump heart surgery by measurement of myocardial tissue oxygen saturation using near-infrared spectroscopy

メタデータ	言語: jpn
	出版者:
	公開日: 2022-05-27
	キーワード (Ja):
	キーワード (En):
	作成者: Kawasuji, Michio
	メールアドレス:
	所属:
URL	https://doi.org/10.24517/00066015

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 International License.



## 1998 Fiscal Year Final Research Report Summary

## Study of off-pump heart surgery by measurement of myocardial tissue oxygen saturation using near-infrared spectroscopy

**Research Project** 

Project/Area Number
09671370
Research Category
Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (C)
Allocation Type
Single-year Grants
Section
一般
Research Field
Thoracic surgery
Research Institution
Kanazawa University
Principal Investigator
KAWASUJI Michio School of Medicine, Department of Surgery (I), Kanazawa University Associate Professor, 医学部, 助教授 (40135067)
Co-Investigator(Kenkyū-buntansha)
TAKEMURA Hirofumi Kanazawa University Hospital, Department of Surgery (I), Assistant, 医学部・附属病院, 助手 (20242521)
Project Period (FY)
1997 – 1998
Keywords

Cardiac surgery / Myocardial ischemia / Myocardial oxygen metabolism / Ischemic preconditioning

During off-pump beating heart surgery, myocardial injury due to normothermic myocardial ischemia is concerned. The present study was performed to examine the effect of transient myocardial ischemia in an experimental model of coronary artery occlusion. In dogs, myocardial tissue oxygen saturation and hemoglobin plus myoglobin concentration were measured using near-infrared spectroscopy. Left ventricular function was measured by a conductance catheter and a tip-transducer in the left ventricle. Left ventricular function was assessed by left ventricular pressure-volume loops. Dogs were divided into two groups. In group 1, the left anterior descending coronary artery was occluded for 30 minutes and then was reperfused for 3 hours. In group 2, dogs received ischemic preconditioning by 3 episodes of 5-minute ischemia and subsequent 5-minute reperfusion and then received a 30-minute iechemia and 3-hour reperfusion. Myocardial tissue oxygen saturation was decreased by coronary occlusion and was increased by reperfusion. In group 2, myocardial tissue oxygen saturation was increased at the second and third reperfusion than that at the first reperfusion. Myocardial tissue oxygen saturation experimental was increased than that at the first coronary occlusion. This phenomenon was recognized as so-called ischemic preconditioning. During 30-minute ischemia, left ventricular function were restored quickly in group 2 compared with group 1. Maximal systolic elastance of the left ventricle at 3-hour reperfusion was higher in group 2 than group 1. Measurement of myocardial oxygen saturation enable us to assess myocardial oxygen metabolism at coronary occlusion. The effect of ischemia

preconditioning by transient myocardial ischemia and reperfusion was determined using near-infrared spectroscopy and left ventricular function.

## Research Products (8 results)

				All	Other
	All Publications (8 r		esults)		
[Publications] Michio Kawasuji: "Myocardial oxygenation during terminal warm blood cardioolegia" Ann.Thorac.Surg.65 • 5.	1260-	-1264	ł (1998)	)	~
[Publications] Tamotsu Yasuda: "Ultrastructural assessment of the myocardium receiving intermittent antegrade warm blood Cardiovasc.Surg.6 · 3. 282-287 (1998)	d carc	liople	egia"		~
[Publications] Takeo Tedoriya: "Coronary hypass flow during use of intraaortic balloon pumoing and left ventricular assist device" Ann.Thorac.Surg.66 • 7. 477-481 (1998)					~
[Publications] 池田 真浩: "近赤外分光法による Ischemic Preconditioning 効果の診断" 胸部外科. 51・13. 1095-1097 (1998)					~
[Publications] Michio Kawasuji, et al.: "Myocardial oxygenation during terminal warm blood cardioplegia" Ann. Thrac. Surg. 65	5(5). 1	1260	-1264 (3	1998)	~
[Publications] Tamotsu Yasuda, et al.: "Ultrastructural assessment of the myo-cardium receiving intermitternt antegrade wa Cardiovasc.Surg.6(3). 282-287 (1998)	ırm bl	ood (	cardiople	egia"	~
[Publications] Takeo Tedoriya, et al.: "Coronary bypass flow during use of intraaortic ballloon pumping and left ventricular assist device" Ann.Thorac.Surg.66(2). 477-481 (1998)		e"		~	
[Publications] Masahiro Ikeda, et al.: "Diagnosis of ischemic preconditioning using near-infrared spectroscopy" Kyoubu Geka (1998)	n. 51(:	13).	1095-10	)97	~

URL: https://kaken.nii.ac.jp/report/KAKENHI-PROJECT-09671370/096713701998kenkyu\_seika\_hokoku\_

Published: 1999-12-07